LAW OFFICES SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC



2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213 TELEPHONE (202) 293-7060 FACSIMILE (202) 293-7860 www.sughrue.com

February 8, 2001

Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

PCT/JP99/03914 -filed July 22, 1999

Re:

Application of Masahiko MAEDA and Akihiko UEDA

LEATHER COATED WITH FLUORINE-CONTAINING RESIN

Our Ref: 063016

Dear Sir:

The following documents and fees are submitted herewith in connection with the above application for the purpose of entering the National stage under 35 U.S.C. § 371 and in accordance with Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty:

- ☑ an executed Declaration and Power of Attorney.
- ☑ an English translation of the International Application.
- ☑ a Notification Concerning Submission or Transmittal of Priority Document.
- ☑ an International Preliminary Examination Report (foreign language).
- ☑ an executed Assignment and PTO 1595 form.
- ☐ an Information Disclosure Statement, Form PTO-1449 listing the ISR references, and a complete copy of each reference.
- ☑ a Preliminary Amendment.

It is assumed that copies of the International Application, the International Search Report, the International Preliminary Examination Report, and any Articles 19 and 34 amendments as required by § 371(c) will be supplied directly by the International Bureau, but if further copies are needed, the undersigned can easily provide them upon request.

The Government filing fee, after entry of the Preliminary Amendment, is calculated as follows:

Total claims	19	20	=	X	\$18.00	=_	\$.00
Independent claims	1 -	3	=	x	\$80.00	=	\$.00
Base Fee						_	\$860.00

TOTAL FILING FEE	\$860.00
Recordation of Assignment	\$ 40.00
TOTAL FEE	\$900.00

Checks for the statutory filing fee of \$860.00 and Assignment recordation fee of \$40.00 are attached. You are also directed and authorized to charge or credit any difference or overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16, 1.17 and 1.492 which may be required during the entire pendency of the application to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. A duplicate copy of this transmittal letter is attached.

Priority is claimed from August 10, 1998 based on Japanese Patent Application No. 226129/1998.

Respectfully submitted,

SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20037-3213 Telephone: (202) 293-7060 Facsimile: (202) 293-7860

Date: February 8, 2001

Abraham J. Rosner Registration No. 33,276

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Masahiko MAEDA, et al.

PCT/JP99/03914, filed July 22, 1999

Appln. No.: Unassigned

Group Art Unit: Unassigned

Confirmation No.: Unassigned

Examiner: Unassigned

Filed: February 8, 2001

For:

LEATHER COATED WITH FLUORINE-CONTAINING RESIN

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please enter the following amended claims:

- 4. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, wherein in a flexing fatigue resistance test which is carried out by bending the coated leather 30,000 times by using a flexometer described in JIS K 6545, a cracking does not arise on the fluorine-containing resin coating film.
- 5. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, which has the fluorine-containing resin coating film of 2 g/m².
- 6. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, wherein the fluorine-containing resin coating film is formed by curing a curable

fluorine-containing resin coating composition comprising a fluorine-containing resin having a reactive curable group and a curing agent.

- 10. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 6, wherein the fluorine-containing resin is a polymer having at least one of chlorotrifluoroethylene unit, tetrafluoroethylene unit, trifluoroethylene unit, hexafluoropropylene unit, vinylidene fluoride unit and vinyl fluoride unit.
- 11. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 6, wherein the curing agent is an isocyanate compound, amino resin, acid anhydride, polysilane compound, polyepoxy compound or silane compound having isocyanate group.
- 12. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, wherein the fluorine-containing resin coating film is formed directly on the leather.
- 13. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, wherein a primer layer is formed between the leather and the fluorine-containing resin coating film.
- 15. (Amended) A method of producing the leather coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, which comprises coating the curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 6 on the leather surface directly or through a primer layer, and curing.
- 19. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, which is used for interior goods of building, interior goods of vehicles, furniture, shoes, bags, clothes and small leather articles.

REMARKS

Entry and consideration of this Amendment is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20037-3213 Telephone: (202) 293-7060 Facsimile: (202) 293-7860

Date: February 8, 2001

Abraham J. Rosner Registration No. 33,276

APPENDIX

VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

IN THE CLAIMS:

The claims are amended as follows:

- 4. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 1 to 3] Claim 1, wherein in a flexing fatigue resistance test which is carried out by bending the coated leather 30,000 times by using a flexometer described in JIS K 6545, a cracking does not arise on the fluorine-containing resin coating film.
- 5. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 1 to 4] Claim 1, which has the fluorine-containing resin coating film of 2 g/m².
- 6. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 1 to 5] Claim 1, wherein the fluorine-containing resin coating film is formed by curing a curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition comprising a fluorine-containing resin having a reactive curable group and a curing agent.
- 10. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 6 to 9] Claim 6, wherein the fluorine-containing resin is a polymer having at least one of chlorotrifluoroethylene unit, tetrafluoroethylene unit, trifluoroethylene unit, hexafluoropropylene unit, vinylidene fluoride unit and vinyl fluoride unit.
- 11. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 6 to 10] <u>Claim 6</u>, wherein the curing agent is an isocyanate compound, amino

resin, acid anhydride, polysilane compound, polyepoxy compound or silane compound having isocyanate group.

- 12. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 1 to 11] Claim 1, wherein the fluorine-containing resin coating film is formed directly on the leather.
- 13. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 1 to 11] Claim 1, wherein a primer layer is formed between the leather and the fluorine-containing resin coating film.
- 15. (Amended) A method of producing the leather coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 1 to 5] <u>Claim 1</u>, which comprises coating the curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 6 to 11] <u>Claim 6</u> on the leather surface directly or through a primer layer, and curing.
- 19. (Amended) The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of [any of Claims 1 to 14] <u>Claim 1</u>, which is used for interior goods of building, interior goods of vehicles, furniture, shoes, bags, clothes and small leather articles.

15

20

25

DESCRIPTION

LEATHER COATED WITH FLUORINE-CONTAINING RESIN

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin being excellent in stain-proofing property (stain-removability) and solvent resistance, a production method thereof and a leather product produced by using the coated leather.

BACKGROUND ART

There are various methods of finishing a surface of a leather depending on kind of a raw leather and application of leather products. Except un-finished leathers such as fur, suede and nubuck, a resin coating film is formed on a surface of a leather for finishing. The resin coating film is formed for protection of a leather surface and for a good appearance thereof and in addition, for preventing a stain from soaking into a leather and for easily wiping off sweat and stain.

As a material for coating on a surface of a leather, non-fluorine-containing materials such as urethane resins, nitrocellulose lacquer, proteins such as casein, and higher fatty acid ester wax are used. Among them, urethane resins are excellent in adhesion, flexibility, transparency, bending resistance, cold resistance, chemical resistance, heat resistance and abrasion resistance and are widely used.

However conventional coating films are hydrophilic or hydrophobic. In case of the former hydrophilic film, aqueous stains such as mud and soy sauce easily adheres thereto, and in case of the

10

15

20

25

latter hydrophobic film, oily stains such as sebaceous matter, rouge and ink of ball-point pen easily adheres. Those stains are difficult to be removed by wiping, etc. For the same reason, solvent resistance is also not sufficient.

On the other hand, while a fluorine-containing resin coating film is excellent in water- and oil-repellency and solvent resistance, it is inferior generally in flexibility and poor in adhesion to a leather surface or a primer coating film. Therefore it has been considered that the fluorine-containing resin coating film is not practical as a coating film for a leather which is demanded to have a high flexibility.

An object of the present invention is to provide a leather material and leather product having improved stain-proofing property, (stain removability) and solvent resistance while making the best use of feeling of the leather product and maintaining required properties, for example, flexibility, cold resistance and bending resistance.

The inventors of the present invention have made studies with respect to the fluorine-containing resin coating film which has been considered impractical and as a result of trial and error, have found that when the fluorine-containing resin coating film having a reactive curable group is used, the above-mentioned objects are attained and stain-proofing property and solvent resistance which have not been obtained before can be imparted to a leather.

DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

Namely the present invention relates to a leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin which has a fluorine-containing coating film as an outermost layer formed on a surface thereof, in which in stain

10

15

20

25

removing test according to JIS L 0805, a grey scale is grade 4 or more and in ethanol resistance test according to JIS K 6547 by using a clock meter type friction tester, an area of chipped-off fluorine-containing coating film is 50 % or less.

In the preferred leather of the present invention, cracking does not arise on the fluorine-containing coating film in a cold resistance test in which the coated leather is allowed to stand at -5°C for 24 hours and then folded with a coated surface being faced outward, and also cracking does not arise on the fluorine-containing coating film when the coated leather is folded 30,000 times by using a flexometer described in JIS K 6545.

It is preferable that a weight of the fluorine-containing resin coating film is not less than 2 g/m^2 .

Each test used herein is carried out by the following methods and the results thereof are evaluated as follows.

(1) Stain removing test

A coating composition to be tested is coated in a specified amount on a white cowhide (having a urethane resin coating film of 10 g/m² as a primer layer) by using a spray gun (a small size spray gun W-88 available from ANEST IWATA CORPORATION) and cured at 50°C for two minutes to give a coated leather. To the coated leather is applied staining substances mentioned hereinafter, followed by allowing to stand for 30 minutes. Then the stain adhered on the coated leather is wiped softly five times with a cotton cloth impregnated with a commercially available stain removing agent mentioned hereinafter. A floating stain is wiped off sufficiently with a cotton cloth which is not impregnated with a stain removing agent. Then a state of stain

remaining on the leather surface is compared (with naked eyes) to a grey scale for staining of JIS L 0805.

The grey scale for staining of JIS L 0805 is classified into nine grades, namely from grade "1" of the most stained degree through "1-2", "2", "2-3", "3", "3-4", "4", "4-5" up to "5" of the most stainless degree for evaluation of staining degree.

Staining substance

Kind of stain

Rouge: "CALIFORNIA COLORS No. 4" available from NIHON KOLMAR CO., LTD.

Mustard: Mustard for hot dog available from Q.P. CORPORATION

Ball-point pen: Oil ink ball-point pen (black) SOFT STAINLESS SA-S available from MITSUBISHI PENCIL CO., LTD.

Stain removing agent

Detergent: Diluted aqueous solution of 30 % by weight of neutral synthetic detergent "MAMA ROYAL NATUR" available from LION CORPORATION

Cleaner for leather: "MERCI CLEANER" available from SANETCHI K.K.

(2) Ethanol resistance test

A coating composition to be tested is coated in a specified amount on a dark blue cowhide (having a urethane resin coating film of 20 g/m² as a primer layer) by using a spray gun (the same one as used in the stain removing test) and cured at 50°C for two minutes to give a coated leather. Some drops of an aqueous solution of 75 % by weight of

15

20

25

10

10

15

20

25

ethanol are put on a surface of the coated leather, and after allowing to stand for three minutes, are soaked up with a paper. Immediately after that, the leather surface where the droplets of ethanol has been put is rubbed with a dry white cotton cloth five times by using a clock meter type friction tester described in JIS K 6547, and an area percentage of coating film chipped off is evaluated with naked eyes.

(3) Cold resistance test

A coated white cowhide produced in the same manner as in the above-mentioned stain removing test is kept in a refrigerator of -5°C for 24 hours. Immediately after taken out, the coated leather is folded with the coated surface being faced outward. In the folded state, a red aqueous ink is applied to the folded part and immediately wiped off softly and unfolded. Cracking on the coating film is evaluated with naked eyes (if there is a cracking, it appears by a red line).

(4) Flexing fatigue resistance test

After a coated white cowhide produced in the same manner as in the above-mentioned stain removing test is bent 30,000 times by using a flexometer described in JIS K 6545, a red aqueous ink is applied to the bent part and immediately wiped off. Then cracking on the coating film is evaluated with naked eyes (if there is a cracking, it appears by a red line).

The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin of the present invention can be produced by applying a curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition comprising a fluorine-containing resin having a reactive curable group and a curing agent to a leather directly or through a primer layer and then curing a coating film.

Example of the preferred reactive curable group of the

10

15

20

fluorine-containing resin having the curable reactive group (hereinafter referred to as "curable fluorine-containing resin") is at least one of hydroxyl group, amino group, epoxy group, carboxyl group, mrcapto group, hydrolyzable silyl group, amido bond, urethane bond and urea bond. Particularly preferred is hydroxyl group. It is preferable that a hydroxyl value of a fluorine-containing resin having hydroxyl group is not more than 200 mgKOH/g.

Preferable examples of a trunk chain of the curable fluorinecontaining resin are polymers having at least one of a recurring unit of chlorotrifluoroethylene unit, tetrafluoroethylene unit, trifluoroethylene unit, hexafluoropropylene unit, vinylidene fluoride unit and vinyl fluoride unit.

Examples of the curing agent to be used are an isocyanate compound, amino resin, acid anhydrides, polysilane compounds, polyepoxy compounds and silane compounds having isocyanate group.

As mentioned above, the fluorine-containing resin coating film may be formed on a leather surface directly or through a primer layer. When the coating film is formed through a primer layer, it is preferable to use, as a material for the primer layer, an acrylic resin, methacrylic resin, urethane resin, acrylonitrile resin, butadiene resin, styrene resin, vinyl chloride resin, vinylidene chloride resin, vinyl acetate resin or a mixture of two or more thereof.

Further the present invention relates to various leather products having the above-mentioned leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin, for example, interior goods for vehicle and building, furniture, shoes, bags, clothes, small leather articles, etc.

25

10

15

20

25

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The fluorine-containing resin coating film formed as the outermost layer of the leather coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition of the present invention can be obtained by applying the curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition comprising a curable fluorine-containing resin having a reactive curable group and a curing agent to a leather and then curing it.

Examples of the reactive curable group of the curable fluorine-containing resin are, as mentioned above, hydroxyl group, amino group, epoxy group, carboxyl group, mrcapto group, hydrolyzable silyl group (for example, trimethoxysilyl group, triethoxysilyl group, etc.) amido bond, urethane bond and urea bond. Particularly hydroxyl group is preferred from the viewpoint of stability of the resin and curing reactivity. It is preferable from the viewpoint of feeling of a coated leather and flexing resistance that hydroxyl group is introduced so that a hydroxyl value is not more than 200 mgKOH/g.

For example, concretely there are curable fluorine-containing resins described in JP-B-60-21686, JP-A-3-121107, JP-A-4-279612, JP-A-4-28707, JP-A-2-232221, etc. With respect to a molecular weight, it is preferable from the viewpoint of curability and workability at coating work that a number average molecular weight (measured with GPC) is from 1,000 to 500,000, particularly 1,500 to 100,000.

The curable fluorine-containing resins are those containing chlorotrifluoroethylene (CTFE) unit, tetrafluoroethylene (TFE) unit, trifluoroethylene (TrFE) unit, hexafluoropropylene (HFP) unit, vinylidene fluoride (VDF) unit or vinyl fluoride (VF) unit preferably in an amount of not less than 20 % by mole. Particularly curable fluorine-containing

10

15

20

25

resins containing in an amount of 20 to 60 % by mole are preferred from the viewpoint of stain-proofing property and solubility in a solvent.

Examples of the usable curable fluorine-containing resin commercially available are, for instance, organic solvent type fluorine-containing resin coating compositions such as ZEFFLE GK (trade name) series available from DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD., LUMIFLON (trade name) series available from ASAHI GLASS CO., LTD., CEFRAL COAT (trade name) available from CENTRAL GLASS CO., LTD., FLUONATE (trade name) series available from DAINIPPON INK AND CHEMICALS, LTD., and ZAFLON (trade name) series available from TOAGOSEI CO., LTD.

The curable fluorine-containing resin may be blended with other resins, for example, one or two or more of a styrene resin, (meth)acrylic resin, polyester resin, alkyd resin, melamine/formaldehyde resin, polyisocyanate resin, epoxy resin, vinyl chloride resin (for example, vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer, etc.), ketone resin, petroleum resin, chlorinated polyolefins such as chlorinated polyethylene and chlorinated polypropylene, inorganic resins such as silica gel and silicate, fluorine-containing resins other than the above-mentioned curable fluorine-containing resins of the present invention (for example, homopolymers of tetrafluoroethylene and chlorotrifluoroethylene and copolymers thereof with other monomer), and the like. The other resins are not limited to them.

The curing agent which is used in the present invention as an another component of the curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition may be one which reacts with the above-mentioned reactive curable group for curing of the fluorine-containing resin. For example,

10

15

20

25

isocyanate compounds, amino resins, acid anhydrides, polysilane compounds, polyepoxy compounds, isocyanate group-containing silane compounds, and the like are used usually.

Non-restricted examples of the isocyanate compound are, for instance, 2,4-tolylene diisocyanate, diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate, xylylene diisocyanate, isophorone diisocyanate, lysine methyl ester diisocyanate, methylcyclohexyl diisocyanate, trimethylhexamethylene diisocyanate, hexamethylene diisocyanate, n-pentane-1,4-diisocyanate, termonomers thereof, adducts and biurets thereof, polymers thereof having two or more isocyanate groups and blocked isocyanates.

Non-restricted examples of the above-mentioned amino resin are, for instance, urea resin, melamine resin, benzoguanamine resin, glycoluryl resin, methylolated melamine resin obtained by methylolating melamine, alkyl-etherified melamine resins obtained by etherifying methylolated melamine with alcohol such as methanol, ethanol and butanol, and the like.

Non-restricted examples of the acid anhydride are, for instance, phthalic anhydride, pyromellitic anhydride, mellitic anhydride, and the like.

The polysilane compound is a compound having two or more groups selected from SiOH group and hydrolyzable group directly bonded to silicon atom or a condensate thereof, and the compounds described, for example, in JP-A-2-232250, JP-A-2-232251, etc. can be used. Examples thereof dimethyldimethoxysilane, are dibutyldimethoxysilane, diisopropyldipropoxysilane, diphenyldibutoxysilane, diphenylethoxysilane, diethyldisilanol, dihexyldisilanolmethyltrimethoxysilane, methyltriethoxysilane,

ethyltriethoxysilane, propyltrimethoxysilane, phenyltriethoxysilane, phenyltributoxysilane, hexyltriacetoxysilane, methyltrisilanol, phenyltrisilanol, tetramethoxysilane, tetraethoxysilane, tetraethoxysilane, tetrapropoxysilane, tetraacetoxysilane, diisopropoxydivaleroxysilane, tetrasilanol, and the like.

Examples of the usable polyepoxy compound and isocyanate group-containing silane compound are, for instance, those described in JP-A-2-232250, JP-A-2-232251, etc. Examples of the suitable compounds are

10

5

15

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2 - \mathsf{C}\mathsf{H} - \mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2 - \mathsf{N} \\ \mathsf{0} \\$$

20

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 - 0 \\ \\ 0 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \\ \end{array} ,$$

25

$$OCNC_3H_6Si(OC_2H_5)_3$$
,

and the like.

10

15

20

25

An adding amount of the curing agent is from 0.1 to 5 equivalents, preferably 0.5 to 1.5 equivalents to 1 equivalent of the reactive curable group in the above-mentioned curable fluorine-containing resin. The coating film can be cured usually at 0° to 200°C for about several seconds to about ten days.

To the coating composition to be used in the present invention can be added various additives. Examples of the additive are those usually used, such as a curing accelerator, pigment, pigment dispersing agent, dye, leveling agent, defoaming agent, gellation preventing agent, ultraviolet ray absorber, anti-oxidant, plasticizer and thickener.

Examples of the curing accelerator are, for instance, organotin compounds, alkyl acid phosphates, reaction products of amine with alkyl acid phosphates, saturated or unsaturated polyvalent carboxylic acids or acid anhydrides thereof, organotitanate compounds, amine compounds, lead octylate, and the like.

The curing accelerators may be used solely or in a mixture of two or more thereof.

An adding amount of the curing accelerator is preferably from about 1.0×10^{-6} parts by weight to about 1.0×10^{-2} parts by weight, further preferably from about 5.0×10^{-5} parts by weight to about 1.0×10^{-3} parts by weight on the basis of 100 parts by weight of fluorine-containing resin.

Non-restricted examples of the pigment are, for instance, an inorganic pigment such as titanium oxide, calcium carbonate or carbon black; an organic pigment such as phthalocyanine, quinacridone or azo pigment; and the like. An adding amount of the pigment is usually up

10

15

20

25

to about 200 % by weight based on the fluorine-containing resin.

In the present invention, the coating composition can be prepared in the form of organic solvent composition, water dispersible composition and non-water-dispersible dispersion. From the viewpoint of storage stability of dye and curing reactivity, organic solvent composition is preferred.

In case of the organic solvent composition, examples of the solvent are esters such as ethyl acetate, butyl acetate, isopropyl acetate. isobutyl acetate, cellosolve acetate and propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; ketones such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone and cyclohexane; cyclic ethers such as tetrahydrofuran and dioxane; amides such as N,N-dimethylformamide and N,Ndimethylacetamide; aromatic hydrocarbons such as toluene and xylene; alcohols such as propylene glycol methyl ether; hydrocarbons such as hexane and heptane; solvent mixture thereof; and the like. A resin concentration is from 1 to 95 % by weight, preferably 5 to 70 % by weight.

The leather coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition of the present invention can be obtained by applying the above-mentioned curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition to the leather directly or through a primer layer and then carrying out curing.

For the primer layer, conventional primer resins can be used. For example, the primer layer is formed by applying a coating composition comprising an acrylic resin, methacrylic resin, urethane resin, acrylonitrile resin, butadiene resin, styrene resin, vinyl chloride resin, vinylidene chloride resin, vinyl acetate resin or a mixture of two or

10

15

20

25

more thereof. By forming the primer layer, smoothness and uniformity of appearance can be enhanced. Particularly preferred primer are urethane resin and acrylic resin. A coating amount of the primer layer may be selected optionally in a range of from 1 to $100~{\rm g/m^2}$ depending on application, kind of raw leather and surface condition of the leather.

A coating amount (solid content) of the cured fluorine-containing coating film which is formed as the outermost layer of the coated leather of the present invention may be optionally selected in a range of not less than 2 g/m^2 .

A coating method is not limited particularly as far as the above-mentioned coating thickness can be obtained. For example, spray coating, brush coating, curtain coating, roll coating, and the like method can be employed.

A curing method of a coating film differs depending on kinds of a curing agent and curing accelerator, a coating amount, application of the coated leather, etc. For example, there are (1) a method of allowing to stand at room temperature for five days, (2) a method of allowing to stand at 50°C for two minutes in a hot air drying oven, (3) a method of heating for 10 seconds with an infrared heater, and the like method.

Kind of a leather to be coated is not limited depending on kind of animal, a processing method, application, etc., and various kinds of leathers can be used. For example, there are leathers of animals such as cow, sheep, goat, pig, horse, kangaroo and deer. Examples of the surface finishing of the leather are full grain leather, corrected grain leather, pasted leather, embossing leather, shrink leather and patent leather.

10

15

20

25

The cured fluorine-containing coating film of the present invention is excellent in transparency, and when coating directly or through a transparent primer layer, it is possible to make the best use of a surface pattern of the leather. Also when a primer layer is colored by adding a pigment to the primer or when a pigment is added to the curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition for coloring, a tone of color of the pigment can be made vivid. Thus the leather of the present invention coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition is excellent in not only stain-proofing property, solvent resistance, cold resistance and flexing fatigue resistance but also a property for keeping a surface pattern.

Accordingly the leather of the present invention coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition can be processed into various leather products.

Examples thereof are, for instance, interior of building; interior of vehicles such as seat, head rest, arm rest, steering wheel, inner lining of door and lining of ceiling of automobile, seat and inner lining of aircraft, seat of train and seat of marine vessel; leather-covered furniture such as sofa, chair for living room and chair and table for dining room; shoes made of leather such as boots, pumps, men's shoes, sports shoes and safety shoes; leather bags such as knapsack, handbag, shoulder-strap bag, pouch, traveling bag and rucksack; leather wears such as skirt, overcoat, pants, jacket, motorcyclist's suits, ski suits, gloves and hat; small leather articles such as purse, belt, watch band, pocket notebook, harness and book cover; fabrics for handicraft; and the like. The leather product may be produced by cutting and sewing the coated leather of the present invention or forming into a leather product

10

15

20

25

and then coating.

Then the leather of the present invention coated with the fluorine-containing coating composition is explained by means of examples, but the present invention is not limited to them. "Part" and "%" represent "part by weight" and "% by weight", respectively.

EXAMPLE 1

A commercially available urethane resin coating for primer of a leather was coated on a white cowhide (chrome-tanned steer hide grain leather) with a spray gun to form a primer layer having a coating amount of 10 g/m². Separately a curable fluorine-containing resin coating composition was prepared by adding 11 parts of CORONATE HX (hexamethylene diisocyanate curing agent available from NIPPON POLYURETHANE INDUSTRY CO., LTD.) to 100 parts of ZEFFLE GK500 (TFE resin coating composition having hydroxyl group as a reactive curable group and being available from DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD., Hydroxyl value of solid content of resin: 60 mgKOH/g, Acid value: 0 mgKOH/g) (NCO/OH=1) and then dispersing the mixture in 400 parts of butyl acetate.

The obtained coating composition was coated on the primer layer of white cowhide with a spray gun and cured at 50°C for two minutes to give the leathers of the present invention coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition which have an outermost layer of a fluorine-containing resin coating film of 2 g/m² and 10 g/m² (solid content), respectively.

With respect to the obtained white leathers coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition, the above-mentioned

10

15

20

stain removing test, cold resistance test and flexing fatigue resistance test were carried out. The results are shown in Table 1.

Further the leathers of the present invention coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition were obtained in the same manner as in the above-mentioned white cowhide except that a dark blue cowhide (chrome-tanned steer hide grain leather having $10~{\rm g/m^2}$ of urethane resin coating film as a primer layer) was used.

The above-mentioned ethanol resistance test was carried out by using the dark blue leathers coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition. The results are shown in Table 1.

EXAMPLES 2 to 13

White leathers coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition and dark blue leathers coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition were produced in the same manner as in Example 1 except that a curable fluorine-containing resin and a curing agent were changed to resins shown in Table 2 and mixed in a ratio of NCO/OH=1. A stain removing test, cold resistance test, flexing fatigue resistance test and ethanol resistance test were carried out. The results are shown in Table 2.

The resins used were as follows

- ZEFFLE GK-510: TFE resin coating composition having hydroxyl group available from DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD., hydroxyl value of resin solid content: 60 mgKOH/g, acid value: 9 mgKOH/g
- ZEFFLE GK-550: TFE resin coating composition having hydroxyl group available from DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD., hydroxyl value of resin solid content: 95 mgKOH/g, acid value: 0 mgKOH/g

10

15

20

25

LUMIFLON LF-200: CTFE resin coating composition having hydroxyl group available from ASAHI GLASS CO., LTD., hydroxyl value of resin solid content: 53 mgKOH/g, acid value: 0 mgKOH/g

TAKENATE D-177N: Hexamethylene diisocyanate curing agent available from TAKEDA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD.

CORONATE 2094: Hexamethylene diisocyanate curing agent available from NIPPON POLYURETHANE INDUSTRY CO., LTD.

COMPARATIVE EXAMPLE 1

A white leather coated with a urethane resin coating composition and a dark blue leather coated with a urethane resin coating composition for comparison were produced in the same manner as in Example 1 except that a commercially available non-fluorine-containing urethane resin coating composition for finishing of a leather was used instead of the fluorine-containing resin coating composition. A stain removing test, cold resistance test, flexing fatigue resistance test and ethanol resistance test were carried out. The results are shown in Table 1.

COMPARATIVE EXAMPLES 2 and 3

A white leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition and a dark blue leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition were produced in the same manner as in Example 1 except that a curable fluorine-containing resin, a curing agent, a mixing ratio thereof and coating amount were changed as shown in Table 2, and tests were carried out. The results are shown in Table 2.

	4
Œ	
ע ע	֚֡֝
È	7

	Example 1	ple 1	Comparative Example	Example 1
Coating composition of outermost layer	Fluorine-containing resin (ZEFFLE GK-500) Curing agent (CORONATE HX)	aining resin GK-500) agent ATE HX)	Commercially available urethane resin coating composition for finishing of leather	Commercially available urethane resin coating composition for finishing of leather
Coating amount (g/m², solid content)	2	10	2	10
Stain removing test				
Rouge/detergent	4 - 5	Ŋ	3 - 4	3 - 4
Rouge/cleaner for leather	4 - 5	Ŋ	က	3 - 4
Mustard/detergent	4	ស	8 - 8 4 - 8	3 - 4
Mustard/cleaner for leather	4 . 5	ſŨ	8 4	3 - 4
Ink of ball-point pen/detergent	4	4	ო	က
Ink of ball-point pen/ cleaner for leather	Ŋ	ιΩ	3 - 4	3 - 4
Ethanol resistance test (area percentage % of coating film chipped off)	50	0	100	06
Cold resistance test (Cracking of coating film)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Flexing fatigue resistance test (Cracking of coating film)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

	I
N	I
刊	
ద	
ĽΥ	
	Ì

		TABLE 7	7			The state of the s
	Company of the Compan		Example	nple		
	2	3	4	വ	9	7
Fluorine-containing resin used	ZEFFLE GK-510	ZEFFLE GK-510	ZEFFLE GK-550	ZEFFLE GK-550	LUMIFLON LF-200	LUMIFLON LF-200
Curing agent used	TAKENATE D-177N	CORONATE 2094	TAKENATE D-177N	CORONATE 2094	TAKENATE D-177N	CORONATE 2094
Mixing ratio						
Equivalent (NCO/OH)	щ	П	1	Н	Н	Н
Coating amount (g/m², solid content)	7	7	2	2	7	7
Stain removing test						
Rouge/detergent	4 - 5	4 - 5	4 - 5	4 Ծ	4	4 Շ -
Ink of ball-point pen/ cleaner for leather	ហ	4 - 5	4 C -	4	4 - 5	4
Ethanol resistance test (area percentage % of coating film chipped off)	a n 25	25	25	25	50	50
Cold resistance test (Cracking of coating film)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni1	Nii	Nil
Flexing fatigue resistance test (Cracking of coating film)	n) Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nii	Nil
						- continued -

8 9 10 11 12 13 2 3 ZEFFLE ZEFFLE ZEFFLE LUMIFLON LUMIFLON ZEFFLE ZEFFLE ZEFFLE CARINIFON ZEFFLE			Exai	Example			Comparativ	Comparative Example
ZEFFLE GK-550 ZEFFLE GK-550 LF-200 LF-200 LF-200 GK-510 CORONATE 2094 AKENATE CORONATE 2094 AKENATE 2094 CORONATE 2	8	6	10	11	12	13	2	3
CORONATE 2094 TAKENATE 2094 TAKENATE 2094 CORONATE	ZEFFLE GK-510	ZEFFLE GK-510	ZEFFLE GK-550	ZEFFLE GK-550	LUMIFLON LF-200	LUMIFLON LF-200	ZEFFLE GK-510	ZEFFLE GK-550
1 0 0	FAKENATE D-177N	CORONATE 2094	1 1	CORONATE 2094	TAKENATE D-177N	CORONATE 2094	CORONATE 2094	TAKENATE D-177N
10 10 10 10 0.5 5 5 5 5 3 - 4 4 - 5 5 4 - 5 4 - 5 3 - 4 0 0 0 0 75 Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	П	1	1		Т	1	П	10
5 5 5 5 3-4 4-5 5 4-5 4-5 4-5 3-4 0 0 0 0 75 Nil	10	10	10	10	10	10	0.5	10
5 5 5 5 5 3-4 4-5 5 4-5 4-5 4-5 3-4 0 0 0 0 10 75 Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil								
4 - 5 5 - 4 - 5 4 - 5 4 - 5 3 - 4 0 0 0 10 75 Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ഗ	ហ	ഹ	വ	ហ	ഹ	3 - 4	4
0 0 0 75 Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Ŋ	4 5	ഗ	4 - 5	4 - 5	4 7	3 - 4	4
Nil	0	0	0	0	0	10	75	50
Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil	Nil	Nii	Nii	Nil	Nii	Nil	Cracking
	Nil	Nil	Ni1	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Cracking

As it is clear from Tables 1 and 2, stain removability against various stains are enhanced with respect to the leather coated with the fluorine-containing resin coating composition of the present invention.

Also cold resistance and flexing fatigue resistance are maintained, and solvent resistance is improved.

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

According to the present invention, by forming the outermost layer of the coated leather with a curable fluorine-containing resin, stain removability and solvent (ethanol) resistance are enhanced, and cold resistance and flexing fatigue resistance, lowering of which was cared by the use of fluorine-containing resin, can be maintained at a level of conventional urethane resin coating.

2

3

4

1

2

3

4

5

1

CLAIMS

- 1. A leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating
 2 composition, which has an outermost layer of a fluorine-containing resin
 3 coating film, in which in stain removing test according to JIS L 0805, a
 4 grey scale is grade 4 or more and in ethanol resistance test according to
 5 JIS K 6547 by using a clock meter type friction tester, an area of
 6 chipped-off fluorine-containing coating film is 50 % or less.
 - 2. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, wherein in said stain removing test, a stain is marked with a rouge, the stain is allowed to stand for 30 minutes and a neutral detergent is used as a stain removing agent.
 - 3. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 1, wherein in the cold resistance test in which the leather is allowed to stand at -5°C for 24 hours and folded with its coated surface being faced outward, a cracking does not arise on the fluorine-containing resin coating film.
- 4. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of any of Claims 1 to 3, wherein in a flexing fatigue resistance test which is carried out by bending the coated leather 30,000 times by using a flexometer described in JIS K 6545, a cracking does not arise on the fluorine-containing resin coating film.
 - 5. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating

2

4

5

1

2

3

- composition of any of Claims 1 to 4, which has the fluorine-containing 2 resin coating film of 2 g/m². 3
- 6. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating 1 composition of any of Claims 1 to 5, wherein the fluorine-containing 2 resin coating film is formed by curing a curable fluorine-containing resin 3 coating composition comprising a fluorine-containing resin having a 4 reactive curable group and a curing agent. 5
- 7. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 6, wherein the reactive curable group is at least one of hydroxyl group, amino group, epoxy group, carboxyl group, 3 mercapto group, hydrolyzable silyl group, amido bond, urehtane bond and urea bond.
- 8. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating 1 composition of Claim 6, wherein the reactive curable group is hydroxyl 2 group. 3
 - 9. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin coating composition of Claim 8, wherein a hydroxyl value of the fluorinecontaining resin having hydroxyl group is not more than 200 mgKOH/g.
- 10. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin 1 coating composition of any of Claims 6 to 9, wherein the fluorine-2 of polymer having at least is а resin containing 3 chlorotrifluoroethylene unit, tetrafluoroethylene unit, trifluoroethylene 4

- 5 unit, hexafluoropropylene unit, vinylidene fluoride unit and vinyl
- 6 fluoride unit.
- 1 11. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin
- 2 coating composition of any of Claims 6 to 10, wherein the curing agent is
- 3 an isocyanate compound, amino resin, acid anhydride, polysilane
- 4 compound, polyepoxy compound or silane compound having isocyanate
- 5 group.
- 1 12. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin
- 2 coating composition of any of Claims 1 to 11, wherein the fluorine-
- 3 containing resin coating film is formed directly on the leather.
- 1 13. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin
- 2 coating composition of any of Claims 1 to 11, wherein a primer layer is
- 3 formed between the leather and the fluorine-containing resin coating
- 4 film.
- 1 14. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin
- 2 coating composition of Claim 13, wherein the primer layer is a non-
- 3 fluorine-containing coating film comprising an acrylic resin, methacrylic
- 4 resin, urethane resin, acrylonitrile resin, butadiene resin, styrene resin,
- 5 vinyl chloride resin, vinylidene chloride resin, vinyl acetate resin or a
- 6 mixture of two or more thereof.
- 1 15. A method of producing the leather coated with the
- 2 fluorine-containing resin coating composition of any of Claims 1 to 5,

- 3 which comprises coating the curable fluorine-containing resin coating
- 4 composition of any of Claims 6 to 11 on the leather surface directly or
- 5 through a primer layer, and curing.
- 16. The production method of Claim 15, wherein the
- 2 fluorine-containing resin coating composition is coated on the leather
- 3 directly without forming a primer layer between the leather and the
- 4 coating film of the resin coating composition.
- 17. The production method of Claim 15, wherein the
- 2 fluorine-containing resin coating composition is coated after coating the
- 3 primer layer on the leather.
- 18. The production method of Claim 17, wherein the primer
- 2 layer is the non-fluorine-containing coating film of Claim 14.
- 1 19. The leather coated with a fluorine-containing resin
- 2 coating composition of any of Claims 1 to 14, which is used for interior
- 3 goods of building, interior goods of vehicles, furniture, shoes, bags,
- 4 clothes and small leather articles.

ABSTRACT

To provide a coated leather being excellent in stain removability and solvent resistance and having cold resistance and flexing fatigue resistance equal to those of conventional urethane resin coating. A coating film obtained by curing a fluorine-containing resin coating composition comprising a fluorine-containing resin having a reactive curable group and a curing agent is formed as an outermost layer directly on the leather or through a primer layer.

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION 特許出願宣言書 Japanese Language Declaration

私は、 下欄に氏名を記載した発明者として、 以下のとおり宣言する:	As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:
私の住所、 郵便の宛先および国籍は、 下欄に氏名に続いて記載 したとおりであり、	My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,
名称の発明に関し、 請求の範囲 おいまで では おいまま では できまま で で で で で で で で で で で で で で で で で	I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:
	LEATHER COATED WITH
	FLUORINE-CONTAINING RESIN
その明細所を (該当する方に印を付す)	the specification of which (check one)
□ ここに添付する。	is attached hereto
□ 日に出願番号第 第 号として提出し、 日に補正した。 (該当する場合)	July 22, 1999 as was filed on PCT International axs Appln. Ser. No. PCT/JP99/03914 and was amended on (if applicable)
私は、 前記のとおり補正した請求の範囲を含む前記明細書の内容を検討し、 理解したことを陳述する。	I hereby state that I have reviewed and understood the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendments referred to above.
私は、 連邦規則法典第37部第1章 第58条(a)項に従い、 本願の審査 に所要の情報を開示すべき義務 を有することを認める。	I acknowledge the duty to disclose information in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §

1.56(a).

私にまれる 和 第 35 部 第 119 条 第 35 部 計 医 第 5 日 を 第 5 日 を 第 6 日 と 出 6 日 と 出 8 日 と 出 8 日 と 出 8 日 と 出 8 日 と は 8

Prior foreign applications: 先の外国出願: I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, \$119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Priority claimed 優先権の主張

226129/1998 Number 番号	Japan Country 国名	August 10, 1998 Filing date 出願の年月日	区 Yes あり	□ No なし
Nu∎ber 番号	. Country 国名	Filing date 出願の年月日	ロ Yes あり	ロ No なし
Number 番号	Country 国名	Filing date 出願の年月日	ロ Yes あり	ロ No なし

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any States application(s) United listed below and, insofar as subject matter of each of the claims is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, acknowledge the duty disclose material information defined in Title 37, Code Federal Regulations. 1.58(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

Appln. Ser. No.	Filing Date	Status (patd., pend., abndnd.)
出願番号	出願日	現況(特許済み、係属中、放棄済み)
Appln. Ser. No.	Filing Date	Status (patd., pend., abndnd.)
出願番号	出願日	現況(特許済み、係属中、放棄済み)

私づでび陳に場条処刑に本有をたと実よたらた01にの意しのとっと実は、よら併るに性難とにた己こで偽国罰かれのてな、言自陳のろあの法金、、陳付う以すにた己こで偽国罰かれのてな、言にた己こで偽国罰かれのてな、言にた己こで偽国罰かれのでな、言にた己こで偽国罰かれのでな、言いあ信述故合にせがよのかれるな特るを、なりずが意、よら併るにか願るあ述はいあ信述故合にせがよ願付う以すと実よたらた01にの意しのとっと実よたらた01にの意しのとっと実よたらた01にの意しのとっ

12

Ш

The second

hereby declare that all statements made herein of knowledge are and all statements made o n information belief and are believed bе true; to and further that these statements the like ∎ade SO punishable bу fine prisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 o f the United States Code and that willful such false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor. I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

Ihereby appoint John H. Mion, Reg. No. 18,879; Donald E. Zinn, Reg. No. 19,046; Thomas J. Macpeak, Reg. No. 19,292; Robert J. Seas, Jr., Reg. No. 21,092; Darryl Mexic, Reg. No. 23,063; Robert V. Sloan, Reg. No. 22,775; Peter D. Olexy, Reg. No. 23,513; J. Frank Osha, Reg. No. 24,625; Waddell A. Biggart, Reg. No. 24,861; Robert G. McMorrow, Reg. No. 19,093; Louis Gubinsky, Reg. No. 24,835; Neil B. Siegel, Reg. No. 25,200; David J. Cushing, Reg. No. 28,703; John R. Inge, Reg. No. 26,916; Joseph J. Ruch, Jr., Reg. No. 26,577; Sheldon I. Landsman, Reg. No. 25,430; Richard C. Turner, Reg. No. 29,710; Howard L. Bernstein, Reg. No. 25,665; Alan J. Kasper, Reg. No. 25,426; Kenneth J. Burchfiel, Reg. No. 31,333; Gordon Kit, Reg. No. 30,764; Susan J. Mack, Reg. No. 30,951; Frank L. Bernstein, Reg. No. 31,484; Mark Boland, Reg. No. 32,197; William H. Mandir, Reg. No. 32,156; Scott M. Daniels, Reg. No. 32,562; Brian W. Hannon, Reg. No. 32,778; Abraham J. Rosner, Reg. No. 33,276; Bruce E. Kramer, Reg. No. 33,725; Paul F. Neils, Reg. No. 33,102; and Brett S. Sylvester, Reg. No. 32,765, my attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and request that all correspondence about the application be addressed to SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037-3202.

Full name of sole or first inventor 唯一のまたは第一の発明者の氏名(ローマジ) Masahiko MAEDA Inventor's signature Date 同発明者の署名 日付 February 1, Residence Citizenship Settsu-shi, OSAKA 566-8585 JAPAN 国籍 Japanese Post office address 郵便の宛先 c/o Yodogawa-seisakusho, DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD., 1-1, Nishihitotsuya, Settsu-shi, OSAKA 566-8585 JAPAN

第2の共同発 Second Inve 同第2発明者 Residence 住所 Settsursi Post office	of second joint inventor (if any) → (if an
第3の共同発 Third Inve	f third joint inventor (if any) 明者の氏名(該当する場合)(ローマジ*) ntor's signature Date の署名日付
第4の共同発 Fourth Inve	f fourth joint inventor (if any) 明者の氏名(該当する場合)(ローマシェ) ntor's signature Date の署名 日付 Citizenship 国籍 address
第5の共同発	Citizenship 国籍
第8の共同発	Citizenship 国籍